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Ardee Road Skehard Road
Dublin 6 Cork
Ireland Ireland

LoCall: 1890 313 414 (ROI) 0870 876 0256 (UK/NI)

Tel: +353 1 498 4000 Tel: +353 21 453 5000 Fax: +353 1 498 4229 Fax: +353 21 453 5492

Both offices may be contacted through any of these telephone numbers.

CSO on the Web: www.cso.ie

and go to

People and Society: Health and Social

Conditions

Director General: Pádraig Dalton

Enquiries:

Income statistics Direct Dial (021) 453 5487 Email: income&modules@cso.ie

General queries Information Section, ext 5021 information@cso.ie

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Survey on Income and Living Conditions (SILC)

2012

The Survey on Income and Living Conditions (SILC) in Ireland is a household survey covering a broad range of issues in relation to income and living conditions. It is the official source of data on household and individual income and also provides a number of key national poverty indicators, such as the at risk of poverty rate, the consistent poverty rate and rates of enforced deprivation. This report presents the results for 2012 and comparable data for previous years.

Table A Summary of main results

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Income	€	€	€	€	€	€
Nominal Income - Equivalised	disposable	income	per indi	vidual		
Median	19,794 ³	20,758	20,107	18,591	18,148	17,702
Mean	23,610	24,380	23,326	22,138	21,440	20,856
At risk of poverty threshold						
(60% of median income)	11,876 ³	12,455	12,064	11,155	10,889	10,621
Real Income ¹ - Equivalised disp	oosable ind	ome per	r individu	ıal		
Median	20,633	20,681	20,107	19,273	18,555	17,702
Mean	24,611	24,290	23,326	22,950	21,920	20,856
At risk of poverty threshold						
(60% of median income)	12,380	12,409	12,064	11,564	11,133	10,621
Poverty & deprivation rates	%	%	%	%	%	%
At risk of poverty rate	16.5	14.4	14.1	14.7	16.0	16.5
Deprivation rate ²	11.8	13.7	17.1	22.6	24.5	26.9
Consistent poverty rate	5.1	4.2	5.5	6.3	6.9	7.7
Income equality indicators	24.7	20.6	20.2	21.4	24.4	24.2
Gini coefficient (%)	31.7	30.6	29.3	31.4	31.1	31.2
Income quintile share ratio	4.8	4.5	4.3	4.8	4.9	5.0

¹ Deflator base year 2012

Summary of main findings

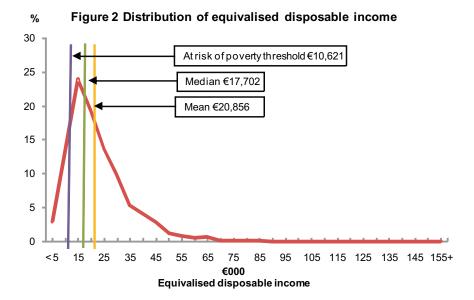
- In 2012, the median annual equivalised disposable income was €17,702 representing a decline of 2.5% on the nominal 2011 value, or 4.6% in real terms. See table A and figure 1.
- The 'at risk of poverty' rate was 16.5%, the deprivation rate stood at 26.9% and the consistent poverty rate was 7.7%. The corresponding rates for 2011 were respectively 16.0%, 24.5% and 6.9%. The changes in the at risk of poverty and consistent poverty rates are not statistically significant. See tables A and 2.
- The Gini coefficient in 2012 was 31.2%, not a statistically significant change on the 2011 value of 31.1%. *See table A*

For more information contact Caitriona O'Brien on 021 453 5201, Patrick Foley on 021 453 5012, Caroline Barrett on 021 453 5485 or Anne McGrath on 021 453 5487.

² Experienced two or more types of enforced deprivation

³ Amended

Income



Equivalised Income

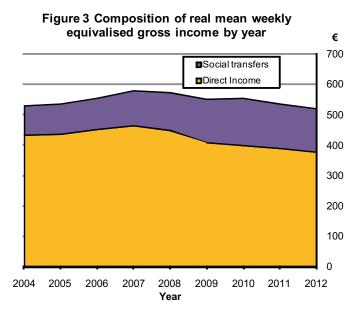
Figure 2 above shows the distribution of equivalised disposable income (red) for 2012. The distribution is positively skewed with a long tail. The median equivalised disposable income (green) was \in 17,702 and the at risk of poverty threshold (purple) stood at \in 10,621 i.e. 60% of the median. In 2012, 16.5% of individuals had an equivalised disposable income below this threshold. The mean equivalised disposable income (yellow) was \in 20,856 and just under 62% of individuals had an equivalised disposable income that was less than this amount. The value of the at risk of poverty threshold quoted above represents a decrease of 4.6% on the 2011 real (i.e. at 2012 prices) value of \in 11,133 and it continues a downward trend in the real value of the threshold from a peak of \in 12,409 in 2008. *See table A and figure 2*.

Real median equivalised disposable income has decreased every year since 2008 when it peaked at ϵ 20,681. The 2012 value is the lowest since the first reference year of the SILC in 2004. An analysis by socio-demographic characteristics shows that real median equivalised disposable income dropped for all groups with the exception of individuals living in households where there were three or more people at work. The groups that showed the largest drop in income were individuals with a highest level of educational attainment of "third level non degree" (-12.9%) and individuals living in households where there were two adults under 65 years of age and no children under 18 (-10.5%).

Individuals with a highest level of educational attainment of "third level degree or higher" continued to have the highest median income of the categories analysed in 2012, at \in 29,596. The real median income for this group in 2011 was \in 31,242. Once again individuals living in accommodation rented at below the market rate or rent free had the lowest median income of the categories analysed in 2012, at \in 12,593. The real median income for this group in 2011 was \in 13,149.

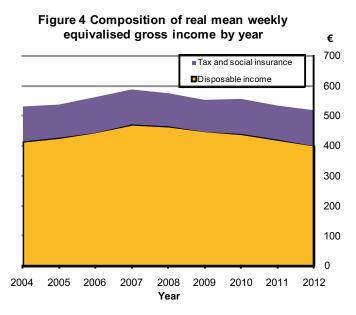
Real median equivalised disposable income for males was 18,039 in 2012, 2.7% higher than the corresponding figure for females (617,561). Males however suffered a greater percentage drop in their income (6.1%) than females (2.4%) compared to the previous year.

Individuals living in the Southern and Eastern region had a real median equivalised disposable income (€18,694) that was 23.6% higher than those living in the Border, Midland and Western region (€15,124). Income for individuals living in the Border, Midland and Western region dropped by 7.5% on the 2011 value, compared to a drop of 4.7% for individuals living in the Southern and Eastern region.



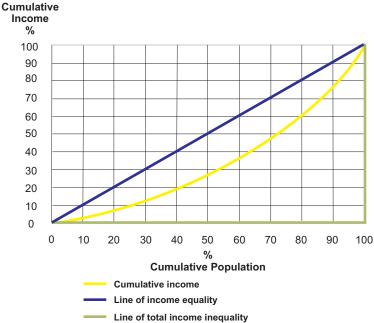
In 2012, real mean weekly equivalised gross income was €518.60, down from €534.58 in 2011 and €554.28 in 2010. See table 3b.

An analysis of the composition of gross equivalised income by year shows that real mean weekly equivalised direct income in 2012, at \in 379.97, has decreased steadily since 2007 when it peaked at \in 473.28. Real mean weekly equivalised social transfers decreased from \in 144.82 in 2011 to \in 138.63 in 2012, a decrease of just over 4%. *See table 3b and figure 3*.



A breakdown of gross equivalised income by disposable income, tax and social insurance payments showed a decline in real mean disposable income in 2012 ($\[mathcarce{e}\]$ 399.69) from a peak of $\[mathcarce{e}\]$ 471.65 in 2007. Mean weekly tax and social insurance contributions have increased every year since 2009 ($\[mathcarce{e}\]$ 104.36) and stood at $\[mathcarce{e}\]$ 118.91 in 2012. See table 3b and figure 4.

Figure 5 Income Inequality - Lorenz curve 2012



The Lorenz curve (yellow figure 5) plots cumulative equivalised disposable income versus the cumulative population ranked from the lowest to the highest (in terms of disposable income). The diagonal (blue) represents the line of complete equality, i.e. where every individual in the population receives the same income – in this case the Gini coefficient would be 0. The other extreme is the line of total inequality (green) where all the income is received by one individual – in this case the Gini coefficient would be 1. The Gini coefficient is calculated as the ratio of the area between the Lorenz curve and line of income equality divided by the area below the diagonal. In 2012 the Gini coefficient was 31.2% not a statistically significant change on the 2011 value of 31.1%. See table A.

Table B Share of Equivalised Income by Decile

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Deciles	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
1	3.3	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.2	3.0	3.0
2	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.1	5.2	5.0	5.0	4.9
3	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.9	6.1	5.9	6.0	6.0
4	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.8	7.0	6.8	6.9	6.9
5	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.9	8.1	7.8	7.9	7.9
6	9.2	8.9	9.0	9.1	9.3	9.1	9.2	9.1
7	10.5	10.3	10.6	10.4	10.6	10.3	10.5	10.5
8	12.1	12.1	12.3	12.2	12.3	12.0	12.4	12.4
9	14.5	14.7	15.1	14.7	14.8	15.2	15.2	15.2
10	25.6	25.9	24.7	24.4	23.2	24.7	24.0	24.0

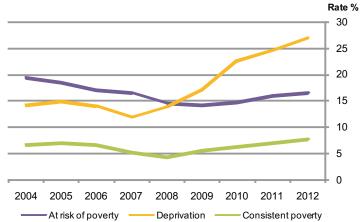
Table B above shows the share of income received by each decile from 2005 to 2012. Overall the distribution of income across the deciles in 2012 has changed little since 2011 and this is reflected in the quintile share ratio. The quintile share ratio is the share of income of the highest income quintile divided by the share of income of the lowest income quintile, and was 5.0 in 2012. The corresponding value for 2011 was 4.9. *See table B and figure 6*.

Figure 6 Indicators of income inequality by year



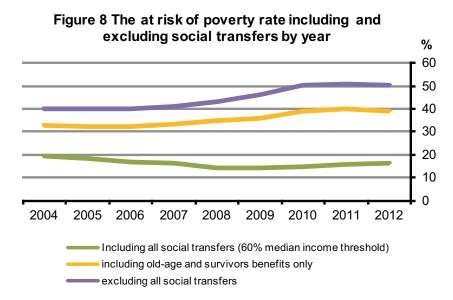
Poverty

Figure 7 Poverty and deprivation rates by year



At risk of poverty

In 2012, the 'at risk of poverty' rate was 16.5% compared to 16.0% in 2011. The change is not statistically significant. An analysis by socio-demographic characteristics showed that those most at risk of poverty in 2012 were those living in households where there was no one at work (36.6%) and unemployed persons (34.7%). The 'at risk of poverty' rate for persons living in accommodation that was rented at below the market rate or rent free was almost as high at 33.9%. *See table 2*.



In 2012, if all social transfers were excluded from income, the 'at risk of poverty' rate would be 50.3%. The corresponding figure for 2005 was 40.1%. This increase over time demonstrates the increased dependence of individuals on social transfers to remain above the 'at risk of poverty' threshold. *See table 5 and figure 8*.

Deprivation

In 2012, almost 27% of the population experienced two or more types of enforced deprivation. This compares with 24.5% in 2011 and a six year low of 11.8% in 2007.

An analysis by other socio-demographic characteristics showed that those living in accommodation that was rented at below the market rate or rent free had the highest deprivation rate in 2012 at 50.7%. Those living in households with one adult and one or more children under 18 (49.5%) and those describing their principal economic status as unemployed (49.4%) also had high levels of deprivation in 2012. *See tables A and 2*.

Deprivation by poverty status

The deprivation rate for those at risk of poverty was 46.8% in 2012 compared with 43.2% in 2011. The deprivation rate for those NOT at risk of poverty was 23.0% in 2012, compared with 21.0% in 2011. *See table 6*.

Types of deprivation

At an overall level in 2012, the types of deprivation most commonly experienced were an inability to: replace worn out furniture (24.5%), afford a morning/afternoon/evening out (23.3%) and have family/friends over for a meal/drink (16.1%). For those 'at risk of poverty' the types of deprivation most commonly experienced were an inability to; afford a morning/afternoon/evening out (37.2%), replace worn out furniture (37.1%), and have family/friends over for a meal/drink (28.8%). For those not 'at risk of poverty' the types of deprivation most commonly experienced were an inability to; replace worn out furniture (22.0%), afford a morning/afternoon/evening out (20.6%) and have family/friends over for a meal/drink (13.6%). See table 7.

Consistent Poverty

The consistent poverty rate in 2012 was 7.7% compared with 6.9% in 2011, not a statistically significant change.

Further analysis by key socio-demographic variables showed that those living in accommodation that was rented at below the market rate or rent free (19.8%), unemployed individuals (19.2%) and individuals living in households where there was no one at work (18.8%) had the highest consistent poverty rates in 2012.

An analysis of consistent poverty rates by principal economic status shows that the consistent poverty rate is highest among individuals who were unemployed (19.2%) and individuals who were not at work due to illness or disability (17.6%). Individuals who were at work had the lowest consistent poverty rate at 1.9%. An analysis of the rates by household composition shows that individuals living in households where there was one adult and one or more children under 18 continued to have the highest consistent poverty rate in 2012 at 17.4%. The consistent poverty rate for individuals living in households where there was one adult aged under 65 and no children under 18 was also high at just over 16%. See table 2.



Table 1a Median real household disposable income¹ by demographic characteristics and year

All households

				All	nousenoius
		real househo		% cha	ange
	2010	2011	2012	2010-2011	2011-2012
	€	€	€	%	%
State	36,575	36,005	33,113	- 1.6	- 8.0
Sex (head of household)					
Male	40,752	40,086	37,064	- 1.6	- 7.5
Female	31,484	30,152	28,755	- 4.2	- 4.6
Age group (head of household)					
18-64	40,875	39,932	36,811	- 2.3	- 7.8
65+	24,969	24,169	23,549	- 3.2	- 2.6
Principal Economic Status (head of household)					
At work	50,371	50,543	45,827	+ 0.3	- 9.3
Unemployed	29,645	26,670	23,922	- 10.0	- 10.3
Student	23,135	27,008	25,165	+ 16.7	- 6.8
Home duties	24,334	26,285	24,536	+ 8.0	- 6.7
Retired	29,553	27,119	25,501	- 8.2	- 6.0
Not at work due to illness or disability	22,309	20,120	18,066	- 9.8	- 10.2
Highest education level attained (head of household)	,,	,	,		
Primary or below	25,130	23,868	21,984	- 5.0	- 7.9
Lower secondary	33,683	31,415	30,351	- 6.7	- 3.4
Higher secondary	40,012	37,695	33,047	- 5.8	- 12.3
Post leaving cert	37,915	35,892	31,922	- 5.3	- 11.1
Third level non degree	47,895	45,930	39,542	- 4.1	- 13.9
Third level degree or above	59,549	59,973	56,477	+ 0.7	- 5.8
Household composition	00,010	00,010	00,111	0.1	0.0
1 adult aged 65+	15,026	14,838	13,855	- 1.3	- 6.6
1 adult aged <65	17,304	19,026	18,357	+ 10.0	- 3.5
2 adults, at least 1 aged 65+	30,533	29,079	26,864	- 4.8	- 7.6
2 adults, both aged <65	40,875	42,494	38,045	+ 4.0	- 10.5
3 or more adults	58,703	51,157	49,967	- 12.9	- 2.3
1 adult with children aged under 18	27,249	22,497	22,075	- 17.4	- 1.9
2 adults with 1-3 children aged under 18	46,552	44,720	42,628	- 3.9	- 4.7
Other households with children aged under 18	56,991	53,194	50,170	- 6.7	- 5.7
Number of persons at work in the household	30,331	55,154	30,170	- 0.1	- 0.1
0	22,027	21,079	19,483	- 4.3	- 7.6
1	37,915	37,101	33,854	- 2.1	- 8.8
2	60,961	60,852	56,351	- 0.2	- 7.4
3+	97,233	77,116	79.721	- 20.7	+ 3.4
Tenure status	91,233	77,110	19,121	- 20.7	+ 3.4
Owner-occupied	41,262	40,711	37,512	- 1.3	- 7.9
•				+ 0.7	
Rented at the market rate Rented at below the market rate or rent free	32,139	32,367	32,056		- 1.0
Urban/rural location	24,818	23,242	22,992	- 6.4	- 1.1
	20.004	20 454	24.000		0.0
Urban areas	38,981	38,451	34,886	- 1.4	- 9.3
Rural areas	33,370	32,165	30,337	- 3.6	- 5.7
Region Region Midland and Western	24.040	20.004	20.204	44.4	1.0
Border, Midland and Western Southern and Eastern	34,649	30,691	29,284	- 11.4	- 4.6
Southern and Eastern	37,689	38,008	35,139	+ 0.8	- 7.5

¹ Deflator base year 2012

Table 1b Mean real household disposable income by demographic characteristics and year

All households Mean real household disposable income¹ % change 2010 2011 2012 2010-2011 2011-2012 % € € € % 44,735 5.3 42,756 40,505 State 4.4 Sex (head of household) 48,497 47,129 44,496 2.8 5.6 Male Female 39,835 36,741 35,276 7.8 4.0 Age group (head of household) 49,148 46,610 43,891 5.2 5.8 65+ 29,715 28,444 28,054 4.3 1.4 Principal Economic Status (head of household) 3.4 57,181 55,264 51,886 6.1 Unemployed 32,401 30,580 28,032 5.6 8.3 Student 28,334 28,865 27,087 1.9 6.2 32,479 30,306 Home duties 31,511 3.0 3.8 Retired 38,639 35,888 33,435 7.1 6.8 Not at work due to illness or disability 25,123 22,584 21,492 - 10.1 4.8 Highest education level attained (head of household) Primary or below 30,533 28,120 25,826 - 7.9 8.2 Lower secondary 39,422 34,372 33,830 - 12.8 1.6 Higher secondary 47,709 42,016 38,342 - 11.9 8.7 Post leaving cert 42,764 40,420 37,812 5.5 6.5 50,562 46,088 9.2 8.8 Third level non degree 55,668 Third level degree or above 66,258 66,165 62,143 0.1 6.1 Household composition 2.3 8.0 1 adult aged 65+ 19,042 18,602 17,113 1 adult aged <65 23,090 23,832 22,180 3.2 6.9 2 adults, at least 1 aged 65+ 36,050 35,572 33,847 1.3 4.8 2 adults, both aged <65 47,611 46,844 43,374 1.6 7.4 3 or more adults 70,608 57,413 57,739 - 18.7 0.6 1 adult with children aged under 18 28,959 - 12.0 5.5 25,493 24,084 2 adults with 1-3 children aged under 18 53,957 52,600 49,879 2.5 5.2 64,035 8.3 Other households with children aged under 18 58,700 55,526 5.4 Number of persons at work in the household 24,659 4.0 4.8 0 25,677 23,465 44,756 1 42,358 39,496 5.4 6.8 2 67,783 65,507 61,045 3.4 6.8 3+ 92,650 82,528 84,336 - 10.9 2.2 Tenure status 49,388 47,598 44,806 3.6 5.9 Owner-occupied Rented at the market rate 38,294 37,363 35,584 2.4 4.8 Rented at below the market rate or rent free 27,736 25,771 26,042 7.1 1.1 **Urban/rural location** Urban areas 48,588 45,611 43,164 6.1 5.4 Rural areas 38,791 38,280 36,449 1.3 4.8 Region Border, Midland and Western 39,113 36,493 33,822 6.7 7.3 Southern and Eastern 46,843 45,134 43,046 3.6 4.6

Deflator base year 2012

Table 1c Median nominal household disposable income by demographic characteristics and year

All households **Median nominal** household disposable income % change 2010 2012 2010-2011 2011 2011-2012 € € € % % State 35,280 35,216 33,113 0.2 6.0 Sex (head of household) Male 39,309 39,208 37,064 0.3 5.5 Female 30,369 29,491 28,755 2.9 2.5 Age group (head of household) 39,057 36,811 0.9 5.8 18-64 39,428 65+ 24,085 23,639 23,549 1.9 0.4 Principal Economic Status (head of household) 49,436 7.3 48,588 45,827 1.7 Unemployed 28,596 26,086 23,922 8.8 8.3 Student 22,316 26,416 25,165 + 18.4 4.7 Home duties 23,473 25,709 24,536 9.5 4.6 Retired 28,507 26,525 25,501 7.0 3.9 Not at work due to illness or disability 21,519 19,679 18,066 8.6 8.2 Highest education level attained (head of household) Primary or below 24,240 23,345 21,984 3.7 5.8 Lower secondary 32,491 30,727 30,351 5.4 1.2 Higher secondary 38,596 36,869 33,047 4.5 10.4 Post leaving cert 35,106 31,922 9.1 36,573 4.0 Third level non degree 46,199 44,924 39,542 2.8 12.0 Third level degree or above 57,441 58,659 56,477 2.1 3.7 **Household composition** 14,513 13,855 0.1 4.5 1 adult aged 65+ 14,494 1 adult aged <65 18,609 + 11.5 1.4 16,691 18,357 2 adults, at least 1 aged 65+ 29,452 28,442 26,864 3.4 5.5 39,428 2 adults, both aged <65 41,563 38,045 5.4 8.5 3 or more adults 56,625 50,036 49,967 - 11.6 0.1 1 adult with children aged under 18 22,004 22,075 - 16.3 0.3 26,284 2 adults with 1-3 children aged under 18 44,904 43,740 42,628 2.6 2.5 Other households with children aged under 18 54,973 52,029 50,170 5.4 3.6 Number of persons at work in the household 0 21,247 20,617 19,483 3.0 5.5 36,288 0.8 6.7 1 36,573 33,854 2 59,519 58,803 56,351 1.2 5.3 3+ 93,791 75,426 - 19.6 5.7 79,721 **Tenure status** Owner-occupied 39,801 39,819 37,512 0.0 5.8 Rented at the market rate 31,001 31,658 32,056 2.1 1.3 Rented at below the market rate or rent free 23,939 22,733 22,992 5.0 1.1 **Urban/rural location** 7.2 Urban areas 37,601 37,609 34,886 0.0 2.3 Rural areas 32,189 31,460 30,337 3.6 Region Border, Midland and Western 33,422 30,019 29,284 - 10.2 2.4

36,355

37,175

35,139

2.3

5.5

Southern and Eastern

Table 1d Mean nominal household disposable income by demographic characteristics and year

All households Mean nominal household disposable income % change 2010 2012 2011 2010-2011 2011-2012 € € € % % State 43,151 41,819 40,505 3.1 3.1 Sex (head of household) Male 46,780 46,096 44,496 1.5 3.5 Female 38,425 35,936 35,276 6.5 1.8 Age group (head of household) 47,408 18-64 45,589 43,891 3.7 3.8 65+ 28,663 27,821 28,054 2.9 0.8 Principal Economic Status (head of household) 54,053 51,886 2.0 4.0 55,157 Unemployed 31,254 29,910 28,032 4.3 6.3 Student 27,331 28,233 27,087 3.3 4.1 Home duties 31,329 30,821 30,306 1.6 1.7 Retired 37,271 35,102 33,435 5.8 4.7 Not at work due to illness or disability 24,234 22,089 21,492 8.9 2.7 Highest education level attained (head of household) 27,504 25,826 6.6 6.1 Primary or below 29,452 Lower secondary 38,026 33,619 33,830 - 11.6 0.6 Higher secondary 46,020 41,095 38,342 - 10.7 6.7 Post leaving cert 41,250 37,812 4.4 39,534 4.2 Third level non degree 53,697 49,454 46,088 7.9 6.8 Third level degree or above 63,912 64,715 62,143 1.3 4.0 Household composition 18,194 17,113 0.9 5.9 1 adult aged 65+ 18,368 23,310 22,180 4.7 4.8 1 adult aged <65 22,273 2 adults, at least 1 aged 65+ 34,774 34,793 33,847 0.1 2.7 2 adults, both aged <65 45,926 45,818 43,374 0.2 5.3 3 or more adults 68,108 56,155 57,739 - 17.6 2.8 27,934 24,934 24,084 - 10.7 1 adult with children aged under 18 3.4 2 adults with 1-3 children aged under 18 52,047 51,448 49,879 1.2 3.0 Other households with children aged under 18 61,768 57,414 55,526 7.0 3.3 Number of persons at work in the household 0 24,768 24,119 23,465 2.6 2.7 1 43,172 41,430 39,496 4.0 4.7 64,072 2 65,383 61,045 2.0 4.7 3+ 89,370 80,720 84,336 9.7 4.5 Tenure status Owner-occupied 47,640 46,555 44,806 2.3 3.8 Rented at the market rate 36,938 36,544 35,584 1.1 2.6 Rented at below the market rate or rent free 26,754 25,206 26,042 5.8 3.3 **Urban/rural location** Urban areas 46,868 44,612 43,164 4.8 3.2 Rural areas 37,418 37,441 36,449 0.1 2.6 Region Border, Midland and Western 37,728 35,693 33,822 5.4 5.2 Southern and Eastern 45,185 44,145 43,046 2.3 2.5

Table 1e Median equivalised real disposable income¹ by demographic characteristics and year

All persons

					All persons
		n equivalised	i		
		disposable income ¹		0/ aha	
				% cha	-
	2010	2011	2012	2010-2011	2011-2012
	€	€	€	%	%
State	19,273	18,555	17,702	- 3.7	- 4.6
Sex					
Male	19,730	19,209	18,039	- 2.6	- 6.1
Female	18,881	17,988	17,561	- 4.7	- 2.4
Age group					
0-17	17,635	17,428	16,815	- 1.2	- 3.5
18-64	20,687	19,982	18,703	- 3.4	- 6.4
65+	16,959	16,261	15,516	- 4.1	- 4.6
Principal Economic Status					
At work	24,971	24,525	23,062	- 1.8	- 6.0
Unemployed	14,823	13,431	12,759	- 9.4	- 5.0
Student	16,592	15,004	14,605	- 9.6	- 2.7
Home duties	15,527	15,151	14,498	- 2.4	- 4.3
Retired	19,008	18,075	16,956	- 4.9	- 6.2
Not at work due to illness or disability	14,184	14,032	13,153	- 1.1	- 6.3
Highest education level attained					
Primary or below	15,459	15,151	14,316	- 2.0	- 5.5
Lower secondary	17,295	16,178	15,399	- 6.5	- 4.8
Higher secondary	20,293	18,628	18,023	- 8.2	- 3.2
Post leaving cert	19,294	17,999	17,253	- 6.7	- 4.1
Third level non degree	24,942	24,457	21,307	- 1.9	- 12.9
Third level degree or above	31,709	31,242	29,596	- 1.5	- 5.3
Household composition	,	,	,		
1 adult aged 65+	15,026	14,838	13,855	- 1.3	- 6.6
1 adult aged <65	17,304	19,026	18,357	+ 10.0	- 3.5
2 adults, at least 1 aged 65+	18,393	17,518	16,183	- 4.8	- 7.6
2 adults, both aged <65	24,624	25,599	22,919	+ 4.0	- 10.5
3 or more adults	24,207	20,313	19,698	- 16.1	- 3.0
1 adult with children aged under 18	13,916	14,539	13,227	+ 4.5	- 9.0
2 adults with 1-3 children aged under 18	20,113	20,224	18,805	+ 0.6	- 7.0
Other households with children aged under 18	17,295	16,455	15,026	- 4.9	- 8.7
Number of persons at work in the household	17,200	10, 100	10,020	1.0	0.7
0	13,822	13,294	12,615	- 3.8	- 5.1
1	18,367	18,224	16,816	- 0.8	- 7.7
2	26,217	25,619	23,915	- 2.3	- 6.7
3+	29,176	25,878	26,222	- 11.3	+ 1.3
Tenure status	25,170	20,010	20,222	- 11.5	. 1.0
Owner-occupied	21,418	21,159	19,916	- 1.2	- 5.9
Rented at the market rate	16,190	16,556	15,655	+ 2.3	- 5.4
Rented at the market rate or rent free	13,793	13,149	12,593	- 4.7	- 4.2
Urban/rural location	13,193	13,143	12,000	- 4.7	- 4.2
	21,302	19,844	18,698	- 6.8	- 5.8
Urban areas					
Rural areas	17,458	16,926	16,266	- 3.0	- 3.9
Region Perder Midland and Western	47.600	16 240	15 104	7.4	7.5
Border, Midland and Western	17,600	16,349	15,124	- 7.1	- 7.5
Southern and Eastern	20,396	19,614	18,694	- 3.8	- 4.7

¹ Deflator base year 2012

Table 1f Mean equivalised real disposable income¹ by demographic characteristics and year

All persons Mean equivalised real disposable income¹ % change 2010 2011 2012 2010-2011 2011-2012 € € % € % 22,950 21,920 4.9 State 20,856 4.5 Sex 23,143 22,204 20,922 4.1 5.8 Male Female 22,761 21,641 20,790 4.9 3.9 Age group 0-17 20,811 20,333 19,499 2.3 4.1 18-64 24,280 22,950 21,733 5.5 5.3 20,854 20,167 65+ 19,367 3.3 4.0 **Principal Economic Status** 28,577 27,510 25,930 3.7 5.7 At work 14,304 Unemployed 16,862 15,728 6.7 9.1 19,500 16,638 16,968 - 14.7 2.0 Student Home duties 19,216 17,443 16,887 9.2 3.2 22,985 Retired 23,927 21,545 3.9 6.3 Not at work due to illness or disability 15,565 15,695 14,107 0.8 - 10.1 Highest education level attained Primary or below 17,555 16,568 15,610 5.6 5.8 Lower secondary 19,700 17,941 17,254 8.9 3.8 Higher secondary 22,853 20,861 19,514 8.7 6.5 18,937 22,250 20,443 8.1 7.4 Post leaving cert Third level non degree 26,254 5.3 - 10.2 27,724 23,571 Third level degree or above 35,788 33,989 32,490 5.0 4.4 Household composition 1 adult aged 65+ 19,042 18,602 17,113 2.3 8.0 1 adult aged <65 23,090 23,832 22,180 3.2 6.9 2 adults, at least 1 aged 65+ 21,717 21,428 20,390 1.3 4.8 2 adults, both aged <65 28,681 28,235 26,129 1.6 7.5 3 or more adults 27,140 22,095 22,210 18.6 0.5 16,262 0.6 4.7 1 adult with children aged under 18 16,353 15,588 2 adults with 1-3 children aged under 18 22,984 23,020 0.2 4.9 21,883 Other households with children aged under 18 19,410 18,584 17,148 4.3 7.7 Number of persons at work in the household 0 15,755 14,928 14,403 5.2 3.5 1 22,166 21,133 19,792 4.7 6.3 2 29,780 28,626 26,724 3.9 6.6 3+ 30,142 27,685 27,457 8.2 0.8 Tenure status 25,085 24,276 22,887 3.2 5.7 Owner-occupied Rented at the market rate 19,373 18,574 18,341 4.1 1.3 Rented at below the market rate or rent free 15,236 14,141 14,012 7.2 0.9 **Urban/rural location** Urban areas 24,843 23,167 22,078 6.7 4.7 Rural areas 20,013 19,922 18,971 0.5 4.8 Region Border, Midland and Western 20,453 19,269 5.8 6.9 17,936 Southern and Eastern 23,854 22,880 21,914 4.1 4.2

¹ Deflator base year 2012

Table 1g Median equivalised nominal disposable income by demographic characteristics and year

All persons Median equivalised nominal disposable income % change 2010 2011 2012 2010-2011 2011-2012 € € € % % State 18,591 18,148 17,702 2.4 2.5 Sex Male 19,032 18,788 18,039 1.3 4.0 Female 18,213 17,594 17,561 3.4 0.2 Age group 17,046 0.2 0 - 1717,011 16,815 1.4 18-64 19,955 19,544 18,703 2.1 4.3 15,905 65+ 16,359 15,516 2.8 2.4 **Principal Economic Status** At work 24,087 23,988 23,062 0.4 3.9 Unemployed 14,298 13,137 12,759 8.1 2.9 0.5 Student 16,005 14,675 14,605 8.3 Home duties 14,977 14,819 14,498 1.1 2.2 Retired 18,335 17,679 16,956 3.6 4.1 Not at work due to illness or disability 13,682 13,725 13,153 0.3 4.2 Highest education level attained Primary or below 14,912 14,819 14,316 0.6 3.4 2.7 Lower secondary 16,683 15,824 15,399 5.1 Higher secondary 19,575 18,220 18,023 6.9 1.1 Post leaving cert 18,611 17,605 17,253 5.4 2.0 Third level non degree 24,059 23,921 21,307 0.6 10.9 Third level degree or above 30,586 30,558 29,596 0.1 3.1 Household composition 1 adult aged 65+ 14,494 14,513 13,855 0.1 4.5 1 adult aged <65 16,691 18,609 18,357 + 11.5 1.4 2 adults, at least 1 aged 65+ 17,742 17,134 16,183 3.4 5.6 2 adults, both aged <65 25,038 23,752 22,919 5.4 8.5 3 or more adults 23,350 19,868 19,698 14.9 0.9 1 adult with children aged under 18 13,423 14,220 13,227 5.9 7.0 2 adults with 1-3 children aged under 18 19,401 19,781 18,805 2.0 4.9 Other households with children aged under 18 16,683 16,094 3.5 15,026 6.6 Number of persons at work in the household 13,003 12,615 0 13,333 2.5 3.0 1 17,825 + 0.6 5.7 17,717 16,816 2 25,289 25,058 23,915 0.9 4.6 3+ 28,143 25,311 26,222 - 10.1 3.6 Tenure status 3.8 Owner-occupied 20,660 20,695 19,916 0.2 Rented at the market rate 15,617 16,193 15,655 3.7 3.3 Rented at below the market rate or rent free 13,305 12,861 12,593 3.3 2.1 **Urban/rural location** 20,548 19,409 18,698 3.7 Urban areas 5.5 16,555 Rural areas 16,840 16,266 1.7 1.7 Region Border, Midland and Western 15,991 5.4 16,977 15,124 5.8 Southern and Eastern 19,674 19,184 18,694 2.5 2.6

Table 1h Mean equivalised nominal disposable income by demographic characteristics and year

All persons Mean equivalised nominal disposable income % change 2010 2011 2012 2010-2011 2011-2012 € € % € % State 22,138 21,440 20,856 3.2 2.7 Sex Male 22,324 21,718 20,922 2.7 3.7 Female 21,955 21,167 20,790 3.6 1.8 Age group 19.888 19,499 2.0 0-17 20,074 0.9 18-64 23,420 22,447 21,733 4.2 3.2 19,725 65+ 20,116 19,367 1.9 1.8 **Principal Economic Status** At work 27,565 26,907 25,930 2.4 3.6 Unemployed 16,265 15,383 14,304 5.4 7.0 Student 18,810 16,273 16,968 - 13.5 4.3 Home duties 18,536 17,061 16,887 8.0 1.0 23,080 22,481 Retired 21,545 2.6 4.2 15,014 15,351 Not at work due to illness or disability 14,107 2.2 8.1 Highest education level attained Primary or below 16,934 16,205 15,610 4.3 3.7 17,548 1.7 Lower secondary 19,003 17,254 7.7 Higher secondary 22,044 20,404 19,514 4.4 Post leaving cert 21,462 19,995 18,937 6.8 5.3 Third level non degree 26,743 25,679 23,571 4.0 8.2 Third level degree or above 34,521 33,244 32,490 3.7 2.3 Household composition 1 adult aged 65+ 18,368 18,194 17,113 0.9 5.9 1 adult aged <65 22,273 23.310 22,180 4.7 4.8 2 adults, at least 1 aged 65+ 20,948 20,959 20,390 0.1 2.7 2 adults, both aged <65 0.2 27,666 27,616 26,129 5.4 3 or more adults 26,179 21,611 22,210 17.4 2.8 1 adult with children aged under 18 15,686 15,995 15,588 2.0 2.5 2 adults with 1-3 children aged under 18 22,170 22,516 21,883 1.6 2.8 Other households with children aged under 18 2.9 18,723 18,177 17,148 5.7 Number of persons at work in the household 14,403 0 14,601 15,197 3.9 1.4 20,670 19,792 3.3 4.2 1 21,381 2 28,726 27,999 26,724 2.5 4.6 3+ 29,075 27,078 27,457 6.9 1.4 Tenure status 3.6 Owner-occupied 24,197 23,744 22,887 1.9 Rented at the market rate 18,687 18,167 18,341 2.8 1.0 Rented at below the market rate or rent free 14,697 13,831 14,012 5.9 1.3 **Urban/rural location** 23,964 22,659 22,078 5.4 2.6 Urban areas 19,486 Rural areas 19,305 0.9 2.6 18,971 Region Border, Midland and Western 18,847 4.8 19,729 17,936 4.5 Southern and Eastern 23,010 22,379 21,914 2.7 2.1

Table 2 At risk of poverty, Deprivation and Consistent poverty rates by year

All persons

	At risk of p	overty	Deprivate rate	tion	Consistent p	overty
	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012
	%	%	%	%	%	%
State	16.0	16.5	24.5	26.9	6.9	7.
Sex ²						
Male	16.3	16.3	23.0	26.4	6.9	7.8
Female	15.6	16.7	26.0	27.4	6.9	7.0
Age group ²						
0-17	18.8	18.8	32.1	32.3	9.3	9.
18-64	15.9	16.4	23.7	27.2	6.8	7.
65+	9.7	12.1	11.3	13.5	1.9	2.
Principal Economic Status (aged 16 years and over) ²						
At work	6.5	5.9	15.0	16.4	2.1	1.9
Unemployed	30.6	34.7	42.4	49.4	16.5	19.
Student	31.4	30.2	24.7	30.9	10.5	11.3
Home duties	21.6	22.3	27.7	31.1	8.7	10.
Retired	8.9	11.5	9.7	11.3	1.5	2.
Not at work due to illness or disability	22.8	30.3	35.9	48.5	11.1	17.
Highest education level attained (aged 16 years and over) ²			07.0			
Primary or below	18.6	20.8	27.8	32.8	7.4	9.
Lower secondary	21.9	22.5	26.7	31.3	9.5	10.
Higher secondary	18.9	18.3	20.9	24.3	6.8	7.
Post leaving cert	14.5	16.4	22.2	32.0	5.5	8.
Third level dogree	10.8 5.4	12.0 6.8	18.2 11.2	19.9 10.8	5.7 1.8	5. 2.
Third level degree or above	5.4	0.0	11.2	10.0	1.0	۷.
Household composition	0.1	10.0	14.2	15.3	1.3	0
1 adult aged 65+	9.1 24.3	12.9 27.1	27.8	35.2	11.0	3. 16.
1 adult aged <65 2 adults, at least 1 aged 65+	24.3 8.9	13.0	10.8	14.9	1.3	2.
2 adults, both aged <65	12.5	12.4	18.4	21.2	5.3	2. 5.
3 or more adults	11.7	13.4	14.2	19.9	3.1	5. 5.
1 adult with children aged under 18	28.4	29.1	56.0	49.5	16.4	17.
2 adults with 1-3 children aged under 18	14.6	13.9	25.9	25.8	6.9	6.
Other households with children aged under 18	21.2	21.5	27.2	34.9	9.3	10.
Number of persons at work in the household						
0	33.2	36.6	37.7	41.7	15.9	18.8
1	14.1	13.2	27.5	30.9	5.2	6.4
2	3.9	4.5	10.8	12.0	1.2	0.
3+	0.0	1.1	9.9	10.6	0.0	0.0
Tenure status						
Owner-occupied	10.6	12.4	17.2	19.9	3.8	4.8
Rented at the market rate	20.6	18.2	31.4	35.4	6.8	9.
Rented at below the market rate or rent free	36.4	33.9	52.0	50.7	21.5	19.
Urban/rural location						
Urban areas	14.2	14.7	26.2	27.7	6.8	8.
Rural areas	18.8	19.2	21.8	25.7	7.1	7.
Region						
Border, Midland and Western	20.4	21.4	26.7	29.4	8.4	9.
Southern and Eastern	14.3	14.7	23.7	26.0	6.3	7.

¹ Experienced two or more types of enforced deprivation.
² Sex, age group , Principal Economic Status and highest education level attained refers to that of the head of household

Table 3a Composition of nominal household income¹ and nominal equivalised income¹ by year

	Nom	ninal house	hold inco	me ¹	Nomi	nal equiva	lised incor	ne ¹
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2009	2010	2011	2012
Average Weekly Income ¹	€	€	€	€	€	€	€	€
Direct Income								
Employee income	599.70	560.89	571.72	566.69	308.68	292.83	299.13	299.72
Employer's social insurance contributions	64.80	64.17	62.46	62.05	33.63	33.81	33.18	33.01
Cash benefits or losses from self-employment	105.25	90.51	75.77	69.82	55.99	48.64	40.01	36.49
Other direct income	26.40	23.33	18.75	22.34	12.58	11.46	8.90	10.76
Total direct income	796.16	738.90	728.69	720.90	410.88	386.74	381.21	379.97
Social Transfers								
Unemployment related payments	45.78	59.73	62.16	60.86	23.44	31.40	32.67	32.00
Old-age related payments	63.41	68.88	65.99	64.20	26.78	29.98	28.47	28.06
Occupational pension	52.58	53.69	50.71	55.76	23.00	23.69	22.37	24.55
Family/children related allowances	67.91	61.48	57.00	53.31	39.74	36.23	33.49	31.17
Housing allowances	10.58	10.70	12.14	10.65	5.05	5.19	6.07	5.30
Other social transfers	46.78	44.04	38.06	35.95	22.50	21.43	18.58	17.56
Total social transfers	287.05	298.52	286.06	280.73	140.51	147.92	141.65	138.63
Gross Income	1,083.21	1,037.42	1,014.75	1,001.63	551.39	534.66	522.87	518.60
Tax and Social Contributions								
Tax on income and social contributions	133.58	139.81	146.50	159.39	68.69	73.37	76.68	84.00
Employer's social insurance contributions	64.80	64.17	62.46	62.05	33.63	33.81	33.18	33.01
Regular inter-household cash transfers paid	4.05	6.48	4.35	3.93	2.04	3.23	2.12	1.91
Total Tax and Social Contributions	202.43	210.46	213.31	225.37	104.36	110.40	111.99	118.91
Net Disposable Income	880.78	826.96	801.43	776.26	447.03	424.26	410.88	399.69

¹ Household income is averaged over households while equivalised income is averaged over individuals within the household

Table 3b Composition of real household income¹ and real equivalised income¹ by year

	Real household income ¹				Rea	ıl equivalis	sed income	1
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2009	2010	2011	2012
Average Weekly Income ²	€	€	€	€	€	€	€	€
Direct Income								
Employee income	599.70	581.47	584.53	566.69	308.68	303.58	305.83	299.72
Employer's social insurance contributions	64.80	66.53	63.86	62.05	33.63	35.05	33.92	33.01
Cash benefits or losses from self-employment	105.25	93.83	77.47	69.82	55.99	50.43	40.91	36.49
Other direct income	26.40	24.19	19.17	22.34	12.58	11.88	9.10	10.76
Total direct income	796.16	766.02	745.01	720.90	410.88	400.93	389.75	379.97
Social Transfers								
Unemployment related payments	45.78	61.92	63.55	60.86	23.44	32.55	33.40	32.00
Old-age related payments	63.41	71.41	67.47	64.20	26.78	31.08	29.11	28.06
Occupational pension	52.58	55.66	51.85	55.76	23.00	24.56	22.87	24.55
Family/children related allowances	67.91	63.74	58.28	53.31	39.74	37.56	34.24	31.17
Housing allowances	10.58	11.09	12.41	10.65	5.05	5.38	6.21	5.30
Other social transfers	46.78	45.66	38.91	35.95	22.50	22.22	19.00	17.56
Total social transfers	287.05	309.48	292.47	280.73	140.51	153.35	144.82	138.63
Gross Income	1,083.21	1,075.49	1,037.48	1,001.63	551.39	554.28	534.58	518.60
Tax and Social Contributions								
Tax on income and social contributions	133.58	144.94	149.78	159.39	68.69	76.06	78.40	84.00
Employer's social insurance contributions	64.80	66.53	63.86	62.05	33.63	35.05	33.92	33.01
Regular inter-household cash transfers paid	4.05	6.72	4.45	3.93	2.04	3.35	2.17	1.91
Total Tax and Social Contributions	202.43	218.18	218.09	225.37	104.36	114.45	114.50	118.91
Net Disposable Income	880.78	857.31	819.38	776.26	447.03	439.83	420.08	399.69

¹ Deflator base year 2012

² Household income is averaged over households while equivalised income is averaged over individuals within the household

Table 4a Nominal median income measures by year ¹

								€
	2005 ²	2006	2007 ²	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
National income definition								
Total gross household income	37,816	39,961	45,036	46,581	41,938	39,011	38,704	37,395
Total disposable household income	32,856	34,931	38,853	40,429	38,255	35,280	35,216	33,113
National income definition, national equivalence scale								
Equivalised total disposable income	16,697	17,610	19,794	20,758	20,107	18,591	18,148	17,702
Equivalised total disposable income including old-age								
and survivors' benefits but excluding all other social transfers	14,603	15,456	16,574	17,490	16,324	14,352	14,184	13,899
Equivalised total disposable income excluding				.=				
all social transfers	12,915	13,700	14,750	15,118	13,400	11,061	10,567	10,448

¹ Gross and disposable household income is averaged over households, while equivalised income is averaged over individuals within the household.

Table 4b Nominal mean income measures by year ¹

								€
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
National income definition								
Total gross household income	51,078	55,075	59,820	60,581	56,522	54,133	52,949	52,265
Total disposable household income	40,497	43,646	47,988	49,043	45,959	43,151	41,819	40,505
National income definition, national equivalence scale								
Equivalised total disposable income Equivalised total disposable income including old-age	19,768	21,229	23,610	24,380	23,326	22,138	21,440	20,856
and survivors' benefits but excluding all other social transfers	17,085	18,353	20,113	20,418	18,750	17,375	16,788	16,456
Equivalised total disposable income excluding all social transfers	15,132	16,338	17,897	17,982	16,067	14,423	14,161	13,650

¹ Gross and disposable household income is averaged over households, while equivalised income is averaged over individuals within the household.

Table 4c Nominal at risk of poverty thresholds by year

,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,								€
	2005 ¹	2006	2007 ¹	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
National income definition, national equivalence scale At risk of poverty threshold								
60% of median income	10,018	10,566	11,876	12,455	12,064	11,155	10,889	10,621
40% of median income 50% of median income 70% of median income	6,679 8,349 11,688	7,044 8,805 12,327	7,918 9,897 13,856	8,303 10,379 14,531	8,043 10,054 14,075	7,436 9,296 13,014	7,259 9,074 12,704	7,081 8,851 12,391
Illustrative values (60% level) 1 adult, no children 2 adults, 2 children	10,018 23,242	10,566 24,513	11,876 27,552	12,455 28,896	12,064 27,988	11,155 25,880	10,889 25,262	10,621 24,641

¹ 2005 and 2007 figures amended

² 2005 and 2007 figures amended

Table 5 Key national indicators of poverty and social exclusion by year

Table 5 Rey national indicators of poverty and social exclu	SIOII DY	yeai				9,	% of indiv	viduals
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
National/NAPS Indicators								
At risk of poverty rate								
Equivalised total disposable income:								
Including all social transfers (60% median income threshold)	18.5	17.0	16.5	14.4	14.1	14.7	16.0	16.5
Including old-age and survivors' benefits but excluding all other								
social transfers (60% threshold)	32.1	32.2	33.1	34.6	36.0	39.1	39.8	39.0
excluding all social transfers (60% median income threshold)	40.1	40.3	41.0	43.0	46.2	50.2	50.7	50.3
Including all social transfers (40% median income threshold)	4.7	3.4	3.6	3.3	3.3	4.2	4.9	5.3
Including all social transfers (50% median income threshold)	10.8	8.9	8.6	7.9	6.9	7.6	8.5	9.2
Including all social transfers (70% median income threshold)	28.2	26.7	26.8	25.7	24.5	24.7	24.1	24.2
Relative at risk of poverty gap	20.6	17.5	17.4	19.2	16.2	17.7	19.6	20.3
At risk of poverty anchored at 2004 ³	17.9	15.7	11.5	10.4	11.0	13.2	16.1	18.4
At risk of poverty anchored at 2005 ³	18.3	16.0	11.8	10.6	11.6	13.7	16.4	19.0
At risk of poverty anchored at 2006		17.0	12.8	11.6	12.8	14.5	17.6	20.5
At risk of poverty anchored at 2007 ³			16.5	14.4	15.1	19.6	21.1	24.1
Deprivation rate ²	14.8	14.0	11.8	13.8	17.1	22.6	24.5	26.9
Those at risk of poverty	37.8	38.6	31.1	29.3	38.8	42.9	43.1	46.8
Those NOT at risk of poverty	9.6	9.0	7.9	11.2	13.5	19.1	21.0	23.0
Consistent Poverty rate (60% median income threshold)	7.0	6.6	5.1	4.2	5.5	6.3	6.9	7.7
Consistent poverty rate (40% median income threshold)	2.0	1.5	0.9	0.6	0.9	1.9	1.7	2.4
Consistent poverty rate (50% median income threshold)	4.6	3.7	2.9	1.9	2.5	3.2	3.3	4.4
Consistent poverty rate (70% median income threshold)	9.8	8.5	7.3	8.0	9.5	10.2	10.7	11.8

¹ See background notes for more information.

Table 6 The number of deprivation items experienced by year

Number of deprivation items experienced	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
% of individuals								
0 (No deprivation)	75.4	75.0	75.6	75.0	71.4	63.9	59.8	57.0
1	9.8	11.0	12.6	11.3	11.5	13.5	15.7	16.1
2	5.1	4.9	3.8	4.8	7.4	8.5	9.1	9.3
3+	9.7	9.1	7.9	8.9	9.7	14.1	15.4	17.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2+	14.8	14.0	11.8	13.7	17.1	22.6	24.5	26.9
% of individuals at risk of poverty								
0 (No deprivation)	47.9	44.1	49.7	54.1	43.4	38.1	37.3	35.6
1	14.3	17.3	19.2	16.8	17.8	19.0	19.5	17.5
2	10.8	11.5	8.3	12.3	12.9	13.2	12.9	15.2
3+	27.0	27.1	22.8	16.8	25.9	29.7	30.2	31.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2+	37.8	38.6	31.1	29.1	38.8	42.9	43.2	46.8
% of individuals NOT at risk of poverty								
0 (No deprivation)	81.6	81.3	80.8	78.6	76.0	68.3	64.0	61.2
1	8.8	9.8	11.3	10.3	10.5	12.6	15.0	15.9
2	3.8	3.6	2.9	3.6	6.5	7.7	8.4	8.2
3+	5.8	5.4	5.0	7.5	7.0	11.4	12.5	14.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2+	9.6	9.0	7.9	11.1	13.5	19.1	21.0	23.0

¹ An individual is defined as being deprived if they experience two or more forms of enforced deprivation (deprivation rate)

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Experienced two or more types of enforced deprivation.

³ Amended

Table 7 Percentage of the population experiencing each type of deprivation by poverty status and year

% of individuals **Deprivation Indicators** 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 % of individuals 6.5 6.0 6.3 Without heating at some stage in the last year 5.8 7.3 10.5 12.2 12.9 Unable to afford a morning, afternoon or evening 10.3 8.8 19.3 21.1 23.3 8.4 11.1 14.9 out in the last fortnight 3.3 3.1 3.0 2.7 2.1 2.9 3.1 4.9 Unable to afford two pairs of strong shoes Unable to afford a roast once a week 4.2 4.4 5.5 6.7 7.6 3.9 3.8 3.4 Unable to afford a meal with meat, chicken or fish 2.9 2.4 2.2 3.0 2.1 3.0 2.8 3.9 every second day Unable to afford new (not second-hand) clothes 6.8 5.5 5.2 5.6 4.5 7.6 7.3 10.4 Unable to afford a warm waterproof coat 2.8 2.1 2.3 2.6 1.1 2.0 2.2 3.7 Unable to afford to keep the home adequately warm 4.0 3.8 3.5 3.7 4.1 6.8 6.8 8.5 Unable to afford to replace any worn out furniture 13.8 13.7 13.1 13.3 16.3 20.3 21.7 24.5 Unable to afford to have family or friends for a drink 10.7 or meal once a month 11.5 9.6 9.1 9.4 14.4 14.8 16.1 Unable to afford to buy presents for family or friends 4.5 3.3 2.9 2.3 3.4 5.1 5.8 6.0 at least once a year % of individuals at risk of poverty¹ 21.7 18.1 13.0 25.0 Without heating at some stage in the last year 16.7 16.4 17.0 22.3 Unable to afford a morning, afternoon or evening 28.3 35.8 25.5 20.1 21.6 29.6 36.7 37.2 out in the last fortnight 9.5 9.5 4.3 6.7 5.2 10.2 Unable to afford two pairs of strong shoes 11.4 3.4 7.7 11.7 14.4 11.0 13.6 10.9 7.4 9.3 Unable to afford a roast once a week Unable to afford a meal with meat, chicken or fish 9.2 6.7 7.2 6.5 7.9 5.8 8.5 6.6 every second day 16.1 17.2 12.2 11.0 16.1 16.3 19.4 15.2 Unable to afford new (not second-hand) clothes 7.5 4.3 8.7 4.0 2.6 5.9 4.6 7.2 Unable to afford a warm waterproof coat 11.5 10.7 10.4 7.8 8.3 15.8 11.9 14.2 Unable to afford to keep the home adequately warm Unable to afford to replace any worn out furniture 30.5 33.0 29.5 26.0 36.6 32.6 34.3 37.1 Unable to afford to have family or friends for a drink or meal once a month 30.2 28.3 23.1 20.4 24.6 30.8 26.5 28.8 Unable to afford to buy presents for family or friends at least once a year 12.6 9.6 10.5 4.8 8.2 8.3 13.3 12.5 % of individuals not at risk of poverty Without heating at some stage in the last year 3.8 3.5 3.9 5.2 5.7 8.5 10.4 10.6 Unable to afford a morning, afternoon or evening out in the last fortnight 6.2 5.4 6.1 9.4 12.5 16.3 18.3 20.6 Unable to afford two pairs of strong shoes 1.9 1.8 1.3 2.6 1.7 2.2 2.7 3.9 Unable to afford a roast once a week 2.6 2.5 2.5 3.2 2.7 4.4 6.2 6.3 Unable to afford a meal with meat, chicken or fish 1.5 1.5 1.2 2.4 1.3 2.1 2.2 3.0 every second day Unable to afford new (not second-hand) clothes 4.6 3.1 3.2 4.5 3.4 6.1 5.6 8.6 0.9 Unable to afford a warm waterproof coat 1.8 1.6 1.0 2.3 1.3 1.7 3.0 5.8 Unable to afford to keep the home adequately warm 2.3 2.4 2.1 3.0 3.4 5.2 7.3 Unable to afford to replace any worn out furniture 10.0 9.8 9.8 11.1 12.9 18.1 19.3 22.0 Unable to afford to have family or friends for a drink

Unable to afford to buy presents for family or friends

or meal once a month

at least once a year

7.3

2.7

7.1

2.1

6.9

1.4

7.2

1.9

11.5

4.5

6.9

2.6

12.5

4.4

13.6

4.7

¹ Including all social transfers, 60% median income threshold.

Table 8 Profile of population at risk of poverty¹, experiencing deprivation² and in consistent poverty by demographic characteristics and year

% of individuals

		0011		% of individuals				
			2011					
		At		In		At		In
			Deprivation	consistent			Deprivation	consistent
	Population	poverty	rate ²	poverty	Population	poverty	rate ²	poverty
State	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Sex								
Male	49.6	50.6	46.4	49.3	49.5	48.8	48.6	50.2
Female	50.4	49.4	53.6	50.7	50.5	51.2	51.4	49.8
Age group								
0-17	25.2	31.7	35.2	36.2	25.4	30.3	31.8	33.9
18-64	63.2	61.2	59.4	60.6	62.5	60.9	62.1	62.1
65+	11.7	7.1	5.4	3.3	12.0	8.8	6.0	4.0
Principal Economic Status								
At work	39.3	14.2	21.4	10.6	38.7	12.6	21.6	8.6
Unemployed	8.1	16.6	14.9	20.6	8.0	19.0	16.6	22.5
Student	7.4	14.7	7.5	11.4	7.5	14.2	8.9	11.2
Home duties	11.6	17.5	14.6	16.3	11.2	15.4	13.1	15.5
Retired Not at work due to illness or disability	7.8 2.7	4.3 4.7	3.1 4.9	1.7 5.4	8.4 2.7	6.0 6.9	3.6 6.7	2.6 8.5
Children under 16 years of age	2.7	25.8	31.8	31.0	23.0	24.1	28.2	28.7
•	LL.I	20.0	01.0	01.0	20.0	27.1	20.2	20.7
Highest education level attained	10.0	10.0	15.0	140	11.0	10.4	15.0	10.0
Primary or below	12.2 13.6	16.3 19.0	15.8 15.1	14.9 19.1	11.8 13.2	16.4 18.5	15.8 15.8	16.0 18.0
Lower secondary Higher secondary	18.1	20.1	14.5	16.8	17.3	19.2	15.6	15.7
Post leaving cert	8.3	7.6	7.6	6.6	8.8	8.8	10.5	10.1
Third level non degree	9.0	5.5	6.0	6.7	9.2	6.3	6.4	6.2
Third level degree or above	14.3	4.5	6.0	3.4	15.2	5.7	5.5	4.1
Children under 16 years of age	22.7	25.8	31.8	31.0	23.0	24.1	28.2	28.7
Household composition								
1 adult aged 65+	3.5	2.1	2.1	0.7	3.5	2.7	2.0	1.4
1 adult aged <65	4.4	5.9	4.4	6.2	4.6	6.9	5.5	8.7
2 adults, at least 1 aged 65+	7.5	4.1	3.2	1.4	7.9	6.1	4.3	2.8
2 adults, both aged <65	12.2	8.3	7.9	8.1	12.0	8.0	8.3	7.5
3 or more adults	16.7	9.2	7.3	5.6	15.8	10.8	9.8	9.6
1 adult with children aged under 18	5.9	12.4	16.0	16.6	5.8	11.8	12.3	15.0
2 adults with 1-3 children aged under 18 Other households with children aged under 18	32.8 17.0	33.4 24.6	38.5 20.6	36.4 25.1	33.5 16.9	30.8 23.0	35.0 22.8	30.3 24.7
	17.0	24.0	20.0	25.1	10.9	20.0	22.0	24.7
Number of persons at work	04.0	00.5	40.0	00.4	05.5	00.7	44.5	00.0
0 1	24.8 32.5	62.5 30.0	46.2 38.1	69.1 25.4	25.5 32.0	63.7 27.3	44.5 39.3	69.8 28.2
2	33.6	7.5		5.5	33.6	8.6	14.2	20.2
3+	9.1	0.0		0.0	8.9	0.4		0.0
					0.10	-		
Tenure status Owner-occupied	68.8	46.8	49.4	38.9	69.6	52.2	51.5	43.0
Rented at the market rate	14.6	19.3		14.8	15.4	17.0	20.3	18.6
Rented at the market rate or rent free	14.6	33.9	31.5	46.4	15.0	30.8	28.2	38.4
Urban/rural location								
Urban areas	59.4	54.7	65.8	60.3	58.8	54.2	62.3	62.9
Rural areas	40.6	45.3		39.7	41.2	45.8	37.7	37.1
Region Border, Midland and Western	27.1	34.0	28.9	32.5	26.9	34.6	29.1	32.4
Southern and Eastern	72.9	66.0		32.5 67.5	73.1	65.4		67.6
Coathorn and Edutorn	12.0	00.0	7 1.1	07.5	70.1	00.4	70.0	07.0

 ¹ Including all social transfers, 60% median income threshold.
 ² Experienced two or more types of enforced deprivation.

Table A1 Sample size by demographic characteristics and year

	Number	of househ	olds	Numbe	Number of individuals			
	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012		
State	4,642	4,333	4,592	11,587	11,005	11,891		
Sex ¹								
Male	2,051	1,948	2,053	5,682	5,348	5,732		
Female	2,591	2,385	2,539	5,905	5,657	6,159		
Age group ¹								
0-17	1	2	0	3,100	3,050	3,404		
18-64	3,201	3,057	3,296	6,441	6,105	6,590		
65+	1,440	1,274	1,296	2,046	1,850	1,897		
Principal Economic Status (aged 16 years and over) ¹								
At work	1,879	1,794	1,994	3,667	3,501	3,839		
Unemployed	386	388	428	867	844	920		
Student	71	84	75	699	628	734		
Home duties	1,108	977	899	1,732	1,577	1,478		
Retired	894	842	920	1,235	1,169	1,298		
Not at work due to illness or disability	273	210	235	498	383	436		
Highest education level attained (aged 16 years and over) ¹								
Primary or below	1,300	1,107	1,074	2,052	1,761	1,733		
Lower secondary	739	657	665	1,662	1,458	1,506		
Higher secondary	793	754	789	1,846	1,689	1,850		
Post leaving cert	488	506	581	869	890	1,017		
Third level non degree	524	489	578	881	861	996		
Third level degree or above	696	741	821	1,293	1,394	1,527		
Household composition								
1 adult aged 65+	775	657	639	775	657	639		
1 adult aged <65	621	560	591	621	560	591		
2 adults, at least 1 aged 65+	644	544	567	1,288	1,088	1,134		
2 adults, both aged <65	639	525	545	1,278	1,049	1,090		
3 or more adults	411	338	389	1,400	1,150	1,325		
1 adult with children aged under 18	299	336	397	869	854	1000		
2 adults with 1-3 children aged under 18	920	991	1,058	3,597	3,715	4,003		
Other households with children aged under 18	333	382	406	1,759	1,932	2,109		
Number of persons at work in the household								
0	2,140	1,969	1,998	4,052	3,822	3,908		
1	1,489	1,362	1,488	3,997	3,703	4,044		
2	888	887	988	3,007	2,998	3,430		
3+	125	115	118	531	482	509		
Tenure status								
Owner-occupied	3,499	3,151	3,240	8,657	7,906	8,280		
Rented at the market rate	463	535	642	1,268	1,536	1,833		
Rented at below the market rate or rent free	680	647	710	1,662	1,563	1,778		
Urban/rural location								
Urban areas	2,756	2,572	2,677	6,916	6,606	6,995		
Rural areas	1,886	1,761	1,915	4,671	4,399	4,896		
Region	,	•		, , ,	, , , , ,	,		
Border, Midland and Western	1,249	1,175	1,295	3,043	2,877	3,197		
Southern and Eastern	3,393	3,158	3,297	8,544	8,128	8,694		
Outrielli aliu Lastelli	5,383	5,150	3,291	0,044	0,120	0,094		

Sex, age group, Principal Economic Status and highest education level attained refers to that of the head of household

Table A2 Average weekly equivalised income by net disposable equivalised income deciles and composition of net equivalised disposable income, 2012

Decile	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	State
Weekly threshold (€)	<172.90	<218.13	<260.10	<292.94	<339.25	<389.82	<453.34	<538.32	<701.44	>701.44	
Average Weekly Equivalised Income	€	€	€	€	€	€	€	€	€	€	€
Direct Income											
Employee income	14.98	40.46	61.79	115.10	179.91	243.05	344.96	452.53	585.73	958.39	299.72
Employer's social insurance contributions	0.82	2.38	4.82	10.66	17.76	23.68	36.32	49.25	70.03	114.34	33.01
Cash benefits or losses from self-employment	9.70	12.40	21.52	9.03	24.80	27.24	32.59	47.53	67.77	112.28	36.49
Other direct income	2.17	2.69	3.86	1.59	5.39	4.42	14.03	5.17	17.20	51.05	10.76
Total direct income	27.67	57.93	91.98	136.37	227.86	298.39	427.90	554.48	740.72	1,236.06	379.97
Social Transfers											
Unemployment benefits	38.67	52.15	47.83	36.96	28.21	28.71	28.52	19.15	12.05	27.75	32.00
Old-age benefits	7.78	9.88	37.18	61.28	35.17	30.99	21.09	17.22	17.32	42.70	28.06
Family/children related allowances	27.98	50.51	41.57	34.74	42.48	34.85	24.78	21.81	17.61	15.29	31.17
Housing allowances	6.24	6.35	9.25	10.38	7.42	7.39	2.53	1.30	1.37	0.77	5.30
Other social transfers	13.53	27.50	26.35	19.22	18.65	18.95	15.67	13.81	13.66	8.20	17.56
Total social transfers	95.60	149.05	165.25	169.55	140.31	138.77	112.88	112.27	112.92	189.61	138.63
Gross Income	123.27	206.98	257.23	305.92	368.17	437.16	540.79	666.75	853.64	1,425.67	518.60
Tax and Social Contributions											
Tax on income and social contributions	2.76	5.69	10.41	16.27	33.94	47.41	80.27	119.60	173.11	350.41	84.00
Employer's social insurance contributions	0.82	2.38	4.82	10.66	17.76	23.68	36.32	49.25	70.03	114.34	33.01
Regular inter-household cash transfers paid	1.13	1.52	1.68	1.67	1.60	1.49	2.82	1.52	3.20	2.48	1.91
Total Tax and Social Contributions	4.72	9.59	16.91	28.60	53.31	72.57	119.42	170.37	246.34	467.23	118.91
. C.a an and Godal Gold Ballond	2	0.00	10101	20.03	00.01	. 2.07		110101	210.01	.0.123	110.01
Net Disposable Income	118.55	197.39	240.32	277.32	314.86	364.59	421.37	496.38	607.31	958.44	399.69

Table A3 Demographic characteristics of individuals by net disposable equivalised income deciles, 2012

Decile	1	2	3	4	5
Weekly threshold (€)	<172.90	<218.13	<260.10	<292.94	<339.25
Distribution across deciles	%	%	%	%	%
Sex	,-	,-	,-	,-	,-
Male	10.6	9.1	9.6	9.5	10.1
Female	9.4	10.9	10.4	10.5	9.9
Age group					
0-17	10.7	12.7	9.6	9.9	11.2
18-64	10.0	9.7	9.4	8.0	9.0
65+	8.3	5.6	13.7	20.3	12.2
Principal Economic Status (aged 16 years and over)					
At work	3.3	4.2	5.3	6.5	9.0
Unemployed	21.3	18.9	16.8	10.4	9.8
Student	20.2	14.4	10.5	9.9	9.8
Home duties	13.3	13.5	14.9	15.6	10.4
Retired	7.8	6.1	11.8	16.1	11.5
Not at work due to illness or disability	18.8	17.0	18.9	12.1	10.3
Highest education level attained (aged 16 years and over) ¹					
Primary or below	12.4	13.0	17.5	18.0	12.1
Lower secondary	12.3	14.4	11.8	10.9	10.6
Higher secondary	12.0	9.8	9.4	8.5	9.5
Post leaving cert	10.1	8.8	10.5	11.8	10.4
Third level non degree	7.4	7.2	7.3	6.9	9.4
Third level degree or above	5.3	2.5	3.6	2.3	6.3
Household composition					
1 adult aged 65+	7.2	8.0	22.6	27.0	9.1
1 adult aged <65	17.5	14.1	10.4	3.2	3.6
2 adults, at least 1 aged 65+	10.1	4.7	11.1	17.4	13.1
2 adults, both aged <65	8.2	5.7	7.6	4.8	5.7
3 or more adults	8.4	6.0	10.0	8.4	9.7
1 adult with children aged under 18	13.6	24.3	15.0	7.8	12.4
2 adults with 1-3 children aged under 18	7.7	9.8	7.2	9.0	10.4
Other households with children aged under 18	14.3	12.5	12.2	12.3	11.4
Number of persons at work in the household					
0	23.0	19.1	16.9	13.5	8.0
1	7.4	10.5	11.2	11.9	13.9
2	2.7	2.8	4.1	6.3	7.5
3+	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.4	10.9
Tenure status					
Owner-occupied	7.6	7.2	8.4	8.8	9.2
Rented at the market rate	13.3	9.3	11.6	13.3	12.8
Rented at below the market rate or rent free	17.6	23.7	15.9	12.4	10.6
Urban/rural location					
Urban areas	9.6	9.0	8.2	9.5	10.0
Rural areas	10.6	11.5	12.8	10.8	10.0
Region					
Border, Midland and Western	12.2	13.1	15.7	9.7	9.9
Southern and Eastern	9.2	8.9	7.9	10.1	10.0

Table A3 (contd.) Demographic characteristics of individuals by net disposable equivalised income deciles, 2012

	iicoiiie u	201100, 2	0.12			
6	7	8	9	10	State	Decile
<389.82	<453.34	<538.32	<701.44	>701.44		Weekly threshold (€)
%	%	%	%	%	%	Distribution across deciles Sex
10.2	10.5	10.3	10.1	10.0	100.0	Male
9.8	9.5	9.7	9.9	10.0	100.0	Female
						Age group
10.2	9.9	9.7	8.0	8.1	100.0	0-17
9.8 10.7	10.5 7.6	10.7 7.4	11.4 7.3	11.4 7.0	100.0 100.0	18-64 65+
10.7	7.0	7.4	1.3	7.0	100.0	Principal Economic Status (aged 16 years and over)
10.9	13.2	14.3	16.3	16.9	100.0	At work
9.4	6.4	2.7	2.3	2.1	100.0	Unemployed
9.9	9.1	6.5	4.7	5.2	100.0	Student
8.3	6.9	7.9	5.5	3.7	100.0	Home duties
9.8	8.3	7.7	10.3	10.6	100.0	Retired
8.5	4.3	6.0	2.6	1.5	100.0	Not at work due to illness or disability
0.0		0.0			400.0	Highest education level attained (aged 16 years and over)
9.9	7.3	3.9	3.5	2.3	100.0	Primary or below
11.5 12.7	10.0 11.2	8.5	6.9	3.2	100.0	Lower secondary Higher secondary
12.7	12.2	10.7 11.4	10.2 8.6	6.0 4.3	100.0 100.0	Post leaving cert
8.5	10.3	15.2	13.1	14.7	100.0	Third level non degree
4.8	9.7	12.4	20.2	33.0	100.0	Third level degree or above
						Household composition
5.6	5.2	5.2	4.7	5.5	100.0	1 adult aged 65+
6.6	8.3	8.5	14.5	13.1	100.0	1 adult aged <65
11.8	7.2	9.1	8.3	7.3	100.0	2 adults, at least 1 aged 65+
8.2	12.5	11.1	16.1	20.1	100.0	2 adults, both aged <65
10.9	12.7	11.7	12.7	9.4	100.0	3 or more adults
11.1	6.9	3.9	1.6	3.4	100.0	1 adult with children aged under 18
10.4	10.5	11.3	11.3	12.4	100.0	2 adults with 1-3 children aged under 18
10.1	9.1	9.3	5.5	3.2	100.0	Other households with children aged under 18 Number of persons at work in the household
6.0	4.0	2.8	3.5	3.2	100.0	0
11.6	10.4	9.4	6.4	7.2	100.0	1
12.1	13.6	14.7	17.5	18.6	100.0	2
8.2	18.1	24.5	23.3	13.4	100.0	3+
						Tenure status
10.5	10.5	12.5	12.7	12.6	100.0	Owner-occupied
9.7	12.6	5.7	4.9	6.9	100.0	Rented at the market rate
8.0	4.9	3.1	2.5	1.3	100.0	Rented at below the market rate or rent free
0.7	40.0	40.0	40.0	10.0	100.0	Urban/rural location
9.7	10.6	10.3	10.8	12.2	100.0	Urban areas Rural areas
10.4	9.0	9.5	8.8	6.6	100.0	Region
9.1	8.4	9.4	7.8	4.7	100.0	Border, Midland and Western
10.3	10.6	10.2	10.8	11.9	100.0	Southern and Eastern
		. 0.2			. 50.5	

Table A4 Summary of deprivation indicators by net equivalised income decile, 2012

	dicators e	experience	d				
Distributio	n across deciles	0	1	2	3+	Total	2+
Decile	Weekly threshold (€)	%	%	%	%	%	%
2012		57.0	16.1	9.3	17.6	100	26.9
1	<172.90	34.1	19.2	17.2	29.5	100	46.7
2	<218.13	32.0	16.4	13.1	38.6	100	51.7
3	<260.10	37.4	16.8	16.6	29.2	100	45.8
4	<292.94	42.1	26.1	8.1	23.7	100	31.8
5	<339.25	51.0	18.6	12.4	17.9	100	30.3
6	<389.82	56.2	17.5	8.4	17.9	100	26.3
7	<453.34	67.1	18.5	6.1	8.4	100	14.5
8	<538.32	76.8	13.5	3.6	6.1	100	9.7
9	<701.44	82.3	7.8	6.3	3.7	100	10.0
10	>701.44	90.6	7.1	1.5	0.8	100	2.3

Background Notes

Purpose of survey

The primary focus of the Survey on Income and Living Conditions (SILC) is the collection of information on the income and living conditions of different types of households in Ireland, in order to derive indicators on poverty, deprivation and social exclusion. It is a voluntary (for selected respondents) survey of private households. It is carried out under EU legislation (Council Regulation No 1177/2003) and commenced in Ireland in June 2003. This release presents results based on data collected in the period January 2012 to January 2013.

Definitions of Income

Gross income

Income details are collected at both a household and individual level in SILC. In analysis, each individual's income is summed up to household level and in turn added to household level income components to calculate *gross household income*. The components of gross household income are:

Direct Income:

Employee income:

Gross employee cash or near cash income

Gross non-cash employee income

Employer's social insurance contributions

Gross cash benefits or losses from self-employment

Other direct income:

- Value of goods produced for own consumption
- Pension from individual private plans
- Income from rental of property or land
- Regular inter-household cash transfers received
- Interests, dividends, profit from capital investments in unincorporated business
- Income received by people aged under 16

Social Transfers:

Unemployment related payments

Old-age related payments

Family/children related allowances:

- Maternity/adoptive benefit
- · Child benefit
- Single parent allowances
- Carers' benefit

Housing allowances:

- Rent supplement
- Free phone/electricity etc
- Fuel allowances
- Exceptional needs payments

Other social transfers:

- Survivors' benefits
- Sickness benefits
- Disability benefits
- Education-related allowances
- Social exclusion not elsewhere classified

Disposable income

Tax and social insurance contributions are also summed to household level and subtracted from the gross household income to calculate the *total disposable household income*. The components of disposable household income are gross household income *less*:

Employer's social insurance contributions Regular inter-household cash transfer paid Tax on income and social insurance contributions Tax deducted at source from individual private pension plans

Real/Nominal income figures

Both nominal and real income figures are included in this release. Real income figures have been adjusted for inflation by applying a deflator to the nominal income figures. The deflator is derived from the monthly CPI and takes into account the rolling nature of the income data collected by SILC.

Equivalence scales

Equivalence scales are used to calculate the *equivalised household size* in a household. Although there are numerous scales, we focus on the national scale in this release. The national scale attributes a weight of 1 to the first adult, 0.66 to each subsequent adult (aged 14+ living in the household) and 0.33 to each child aged less than 14. The weights for each household are then summed to calculate the *equivalised household size*.

Equivalised disposable household Income

Disposable household income is divided by the *equivalised household size* to calculate equivalised disposable income for each person, which essentially is an approximate measure of how much of the income can be attributed to each member of the household. This *equivalised income* is then applied to each member of the household.

Indicators

At risk of poverty rate

This is the share of persons with an equivalised income below a given percentage (usually 60%) of the national median income. It is also calculated at 40%, 50% and 70% for comparison. The rate is calculated by ranking persons by equivalised income from smallest to largest and then extracting the median or middle value. Anyone with an equivalised income of less than 60% of the median is considered at risk of poverty at a 60% level.

Deprivation rate

Households that are excluded and marginalised from consuming goods and services which are considered the norm for other people in society, due to an inability to afford them, are considered to be deprived. The identification of the marginalised or deprived is currently achieved on the basis of a set of eleven basic deprivation indicators:

- 1. Two pairs of strong shoes
- 2. A warm waterproof overcoat
- 3. Buy new (not second-hand) clothes
- 4. Eat meat with meat, chicken, fish (or vegetarian equivalent) every second day
- 5. Have a roast joint or its equivalent once a week
- 6. Had to go without heating during the last year through lack of money
- 7. Keep the home adequately warm
- 8. Buy presents for family or friends at least once a year
- 9. Replace any worn out furniture
- 10. Have family or friends for a drink or meal once a month
- 11. Have a morning, afternoon or evening out in the last fortnight for entertainment

Individuals who experience two or more of the eleven listed items are considered to be experiencing enforced deprivation. This is the basis for calculating the deprivation rate.

Consistent poverty

The consistent poverty measure looks at those persons who are defined as being at risk of poverty and experiencing enforced deprivation (experiencing two or more types of deprivation).

An individual is defined as being in 'consistent poverty' if they are:

- Identified as being at risk of poverty and
- Living in a household deprived of two or more of the eleven basic deprivation items listed above.

(Note that it is enforced deprivation that is relevant in this context. For example, a household may not have a roast once a week. The household is classified as deprived of this basic indicator only if the reason they didn't have it was because they could not afford it.)

Relative at risk of poverty gap

This is the difference between the median equivalised income of persons below the at-risk-of-poverty threshold and the at-risk-of-poverty threshold, expressed as a percentage of the at-risk-of-poverty threshold. The purpose of the indicator is to measure how far below the poverty threshold the median income of people at risk of poverty is. The closer the median income of those at risk of poverty is to the at risk of poverty threshold the smaller the percentage will be.

At risk of poverty rate before social transfers

This indicator is calculated based on two alternative measures of equivalised income. The first calculates equivalised income as the total disposable household income including old-age and survivors' benefits but excluding all other social transfers. The second excludes all social transfers. Any person with an equivalised income before social transfers of less than 60% of the median **after** social transfers is considered at risk of poverty before social transfers (i.e. the same threshold is used for calculating the rate before and after social transfers).

At risk of poverty rate anchored at a moment in time

For a given year, the "at risk of poverty rate anchored at a moment in time" is the share of the population whose income in a given year is below the at risk of poverty threshold calculated in the standard way for a previous base year and then adjusted for inflation. The purpose of this indicator is to get some indication of the changes in 'absolute poverty' over time. In this release four separate base years were used. If the base year is 2004 for example then the at risk of poverty threshold for 2004 is adjusted in line with inflation for each year 2005-2012. The same method is followed for 2005, 2006 and 2007. The deflator used here is the same as that used to calculate real income.

Gini coefficient

This is the relationship between cumulative shares of the population (ranked according to the level of income from lowest to highest) and the cumulative share of total income received by them. If there was perfect equality (i.e. each person receives the same income) the Gini coefficient would be 0%. A Gini coefficient of 100% would indicate there was total inequality and the entire national income was in the hands of one person.

Calculation of the Gini Coefficient

$$Gini = \frac{2\left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} Wgt_{i} \times Eq_inc_{i} \times \sum_{j=1}^{i} Wgt_{j}\right) - \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(Wgt_{i}\right)^{2} \times Eq_inc_{i}}{\left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} Wgt_{i}\right) \times \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(Wgt_{i} \times Eq_inc_{i}\right)} - 1$$

 $Wgt_i = Final\ calibrated\ weight\ per\ individual$

 $Eq\ inc_i = Equivalised\ disposable\ income$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{i} Wgt_{i} = Cumulative income$$

Inequality of income distribution (S80/S20) quintile share ratio

This is the ratio of the average equivalised income received by the 20% of persons with the highest income (top quintile) to that received by the 20% of persons with the lowest income (lowest quintile).

For more information contact caitriona.obrien@cso.ie or patrick.foley@cso.ie or call 021 4535485.